Energy

Inclines Solve Using Energy Methods

- A 20-kg block starts from rest on a 36.87° frictionless incline as shown. The block is released and its COG drops 6 meters as the block slides to the bottom.
 - a. What is the block's GPE prior to being released?
 - b. What is the block's KE at the bottom?
 - c. What is the speed of the block on the frictionless horizontal?



- A 20-kg block, whose initial speed is 6.0 m/s, slides across a frictionless floor and then up a frictionless 36.87° incline until it comes to a brief stop.
 - a. How much kinetic energy does the block have initially?
 - b. How much does the block's COG rise when it stops briefly?
 - c. How far up (along) the plane will the block slide before stopping?

3. A 20-kg block slides across a frictionless floor and then slides up 10 meter along a rough 36.87° incline (μ =0.2) until it comes to a brief stop. What is the initial speed of the block prior to sliding up the incline?





4. A 5 kg box is pulled up a rough ($\mu = 0.1$) incline by a force of 50 N for a distance of 20 m. If the speed of the box is 5 m/s initially, what is its speed the instant it has traveled the 20-m up the incline?



<u>W6.04</u>

KEY-W6.04

- 1. a. 1,200 joules b. 1,200 joules c. 10.95 m/s
- 2. a. 360 joules b. 1.8 meters

 - c. 3 meters
- 3. 12.33 m/s
- 4. 12.37 m/s