

Calculus Review Worksheet

(1) Evaluate each of the following integrals please.

$$(a) \int (x^2 + \sqrt{x} - 1) dx$$

$$(k) \int 3 \sin(5x) dx$$

$$(b) \int (6 - 7x)^3 dx$$

$$(l) \int \frac{\cos(\sqrt{x} - 1)}{\sqrt{x} - 1} dx$$

$$(c) \int x^3 (5 - x^4)^5 dx$$

$$(m) \int \left(1 - \sin^2\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)\right) \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) dx$$

$$(d) \int \frac{(x - 1) dx}{(x^2 - 2x + 5)^2}$$

$$(n) \int \tan^3(3x) \sec^2(3x) dx$$

$$(e) \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt[3]{x^2} \sqrt{\sqrt[3]{x} + 3}}$$

$$(o) \int \tan(2x) \sec^3(2x) dx$$

$$(f) \int \frac{(\sqrt{x} + 3)^3 dx}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$(p) \int \cot^2(x) dx$$

$$(g) \int \frac{3x dx}{\sqrt{2x^2 + 3}}$$

$$(q) \int \frac{\sec^2(x) \tan(x) dx}{\sqrt{3 + \sec^2(x)}}$$

$$(h) \int \left(\frac{2x+1}{x-3}\right)^8 \frac{dx}{(x-3)^2}$$

$$(r) \int \cos^2(\pi x) dx$$

$$(i) \int (f(x) \cdot g'(x) + f'(x) \cdot g(x)) dx$$

$$(s) \int \frac{1}{x^3} \sin\left(\frac{1}{x^2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{1}{x^2}\right) dx$$

$$(j) \int (x^3 - 2)^2 dx$$

$$(t) \int (\tan(x) + \sec(x))^2 dx$$

(2) Solve each of the following differential equations please.

$$(a) \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{16}{x^3}, \text{ the graph of } y \text{ passes through } (2, 3) \text{ with slope } 0.$$

$$(b) \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\cos(\pi x)}{\sqrt{y}}, \text{ } y \text{ passes through } (1, 4).$$

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Answers

(1) (a) $\frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{2}{3}x^{\frac{3}{2}} - x + C$

(k) $-\frac{3}{5}\cos(5x) + C$

(b) $-\frac{1}{28}(6 - 7x)^4 + C$

(l) $2\sin(\sqrt{x-1}) + C$

(c) $-\frac{1}{24}(5 - x^4)^6 + C$

(m) $2\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) - \frac{2}{3}\sin^3\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) + C$

(d) $-\frac{1}{2}(x^2 - 2x + 5)^{-1} + C$

(n) $\frac{1}{12}\tan^4(3x) + C$

(e) $6\sqrt{\sqrt[3]{x} + 3} + C$

(o) $\frac{1}{6}\sec^3(2x) + C$

(f) $\frac{1}{2}(\sqrt{x} + 3)^4 + C$

(p) $-\cot(x) - x + C$

(g) $\frac{3}{2}\sqrt{2x^2 + 3} + C$

(q) $\sqrt{3 + \sec^2(x)} + C$

(h) $-\frac{1}{63}\left(\frac{2x+1}{x-3}\right)^9 + C$

(r) $\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{4\pi}\sin(2\pi x) + C$

(i) $f(x) \cdot g(x) + C$

(s) $-\frac{1}{4}\sin^2\left(\frac{1}{x^2}\right) + C$ or $\frac{1}{4}\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{x^2}\right) + C$

(j) $\frac{1}{7}x^7 - x^4 + 4x + C$

(t) $2\tan(x) + 2\sec(x) - x + C$

(2) (a) $y = \frac{8}{x} + 2x - 5$

(b) $\frac{2}{3}y^{\frac{3}{2}} = \frac{1}{\pi}\sin(\pi x) + \frac{16}{3}$