

1. State the domain for each .

a) $y = x^{\frac{1}{3}}$

d) $y = \sqrt{64 - x^2}$

b) $y = |2x - 7|$

e) $y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - x - 6}{16 - x^2}}$

c) $y = \frac{x^2 - 4}{x - 2}$

f) $y = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 - x - 12}}$

2. Solve (must know how to use Cramer's Rule)

$$x + 2y - z = -6$$

$$2x - y + 2z = 15$$

$$2x + y - 2z = -6$$

a) $3x + 3y + \frac{1}{3}z = -2$

b) $-x + y + z = 3$
 $3x - y + 2z = 18$

3. $\triangle ABC$ has vertices A $(-2, 9)$, B $(4, 1)$ and C $(2, -3)$. Find the following

a) Equation of $\overline{AB}$

b) Equation of median to $\overline{BC}$

c) Equation of perpendicular bisector of $\overline{AC}$

4. Find the distance from the line $y = x - 4$ to the point $(-2, 4)$

Answers:

1.

a) $\mathbb{R}$

b) $\mathbb{R}$

c) $x \neq 2$

d) $-8 \leq x \leq 8$

e) $-4 < x \leq -2$ or $3 \leq x < 4$

f) $x < -3$ or $x > 4$

2.

a) $(1\frac{2}{3}, -2, -3\frac{2}{3})$

b) $(3, 1, 5)$

3.

a) $y = -\frac{4}{3}x + \frac{19}{3}$

b) $y = -2x + 5$

c) $y = \frac{1}{3}x + 3$

4. $5\sqrt{2}$