

APs and GPs

Lecture 11

1. Write explicit formulas for the following:

a) $4, 8, 16, 32, \dots$

b) $4, 8, 12, 16, \dots$

c) $\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{9}, \frac{1}{12}$

2. Find t_{20} if $t_n = 4 + 6n$

3. Find the 72nd term of the sequence $-5, 3, 11, 19, \dots$

4. Find the 12th term of the sequence $-10, 10, -10, 10, \dots$

5. Find the 9th term of the sequence $12, 6, 3, \dots$

6. Which term of the sequence $10, 16, 22, \dots$ is 604?

7. Which term of the sequence $5, 4, 3, \dots$ is -81 ?

8. Which term of the sequence $18, 12, 8, \dots$ is $\frac{64}{27}$?

9. Which term of the sequence $\frac{3}{2}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, \dots$ is -21 ?

10. Complete the arithmetic sequence $7, _, _, _, -9$.

11. Complete the geometric sequence $8, _, _, _, \frac{1}{32}$

12. Complete the geometric sequence $2, _, _, _, 18$

13. In an AP, if $t_{17} = 26$ and $t_{300} = 592$ find t_{61} .

14. For what value of t would $t - 3$, $2t - 2$, and $t + 13$ be consecutive terms of an AP??

15. If the 12th and the 3rd term of the expansion of $(a + b)^n$ have the same coefficient, find the 14th term of the expansion.

16. Find t so that $3t + 2$, $t + 4$ and $t - 1$ are 3 sequential terms of a GP.

17. Find 3 terms in a GP such that the sum of the 1st two is 4 and the third term is 9.

Find the function that gives the following terms of a sequence

1. 5, 3, 1, -1...

2. 5, 3, -1, -7, -15....

3. 3, 11, 31, 69, 131....

Expand the following:

4. $\sum_3^7 |2x - 12|$

5. $\sum_0^3 \frac{x^2 + 3}{2^x}$

Series

Lecture 13

1. Find $\sum_{k=2}^{4001} 2k$

2. Find $\sum_{k=20}^{28} 16 \left(\frac{-1}{2} \right)^{n-1}$

3. If $t_{400} = -1196$ and $t_{120} = -356$, find t_2 and S_{50} (sum of the first 50 terms)

4. Find 3 numbers in an AP whose sum is 12 and product is 15.

5. Find the sum of the multiples of 6 from -100 to 8000.

6. Write in sigma notation $4 - 8 + 12 - 16 + 20$

7. Write in sigma notation $\frac{1}{1} + \frac{5}{2} + \frac{9}{3} + \frac{13}{4} + \frac{17}{5} + \dots + \frac{397}{100}$

8. Find $\sum_{k=1}^9 \frac{1}{10} (5)^{k-2}$

9. $\sum_{k=0}^{10} \left(-\frac{2}{3} \right)^k$

10. Find 3 terms in a GP such that the sum of the 1st two is 2 and the third term is 4.5.

11. Find $\sum_{k=1}^6 2(3)^k$

12. $\sum_{k=1}^{100} (-1)^{k-1}$