

1. Find $f(g(x))$ and $g(f(x))$ for each of the following.

a) $f(x) = 5x - 2$
 $g(x) = 3x + 1$

b) $f(x) = \frac{2x - 1}{x + 2}$
 $g(x) = \frac{x - 3}{x + 1}$

2. Find $f^{-1}(x)$ for each of the following functions.

a) $f(x) = 5x - 2$ b) $f(x) = \sqrt{1 - 3x}$ c) $f(x) = \frac{2x + 3}{5x - 1}$

3. Evaluate each of the following limits.

a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{5x - 3}{3x + 1} \right)$

f) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\frac{2}{3}} \left(\frac{9x^2 - 4}{6x^2 + x - 2} \right)$

b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \left(\frac{5x - 3}{3x + 1} \right)$

g) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \left(\frac{x^4 - 1}{x^3 - 1} \right)$

c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 6} \left(\frac{x - 6}{x^2 - 36} \right)$

(h) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \left(\frac{x^3 - 2x^2 - 4x + 8}{x^3 - 8} \right)$

d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \left(\frac{2x^2 + 5x + 2}{x^3 + 8} \right)$

i) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \left(\frac{\sqrt{6x + 1} - 5}{x^2 - 16} \right)$

e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{2x^2 + 5x + 2}{x^3 + 8} \right)$

(j) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \left(\frac{3x^2 - 5x - 2}{\sqrt{5x^2 - 4} - 4} \right)$

4. Find all x such that $f(g(x)) = g(f(x))$ if $f(x) = x - 6$ and $g(x) = x^2 - x + 2$.

5. Given $f(x) = \sqrt{2x - 4}$, make a table of values for $f(x)$ and $f^{-1}(x)$. Plot both on the same axes.

Answers

$$1. \text{ a) } f(g(x)) = 18x^2 + 12x - 1 , \quad g(f(x)) = 6x^2 - 8$$

$$b) \ f(g(x)) = \frac{x - 7}{3x - 1}, \ g(f(x)) = \frac{-x - 7}{3x + 1}$$

$$2. \text{ a) } f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+2}{5} \quad \text{b) } f^{-1}(x) = \frac{1-x^2}{3} \quad \text{c) } f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+3}{5x-2}$$

$$3. \quad \text{a) } \frac{5}{3} \quad \text{f) } \frac{12}{7}$$

b) $\frac{1}{2}$ g) $\frac{4}{3}$

c) $\frac{1}{12}$ h) 0

d) $-\frac{1}{4}$ i) $\frac{3}{40}$

$$4. \ x = 4$$