

Trig Limits

Lecture 32

Evaluate the following limits

$$1. \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 4x}{x}$$

$$2. \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin^3 4x}{4x^3}$$

$$3. \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2 + \sin^2 2x}{x^2}$$

$$4. \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{\sin(x - 3)}{x^3 - 27}$$

$$5. \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\sin^3(3x)}{2x^3 - 5x^4} \right)$$

$$6. \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{5x^2 - \sin^2(2x)}{3x^2}$$

Trig Derivatives

Lecture 33

Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ for the following

1. $y = -10x + 3 \cos x$

2. $y = \frac{3}{x} + \sin 5x$

3. $y = \sin^3 3x$

4. $y = \cos^2 6x$

5. $y = (\cos x)(\sin x)$

6. $y = \frac{1 + \cos x}{\sin x}$

7. $y = (\sin x + \cos x) \sec x$

8. $y = 3 \cos^4 (5x^2)$

9. $y = x^2 \tan(x^2)$

10. $y = \sin^2 x + \cos^2 x$

11. $y = (\sec x + \tan x)(\sec x - \tan x)$

12. $y = x^2 \cot x - \frac{1}{x^2}$

Find y' and y'' for the following.

13. $y = \sin x$

14. $y = \sec x$

Implicit Differentiation

Lecture 34

Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ for the following

1. $x^2 + y^2 = 9$

2. $x^3 + y^3 = 9$

3. $xy = 10$

4. $x^2y + xy^2 = 24$

5. $\frac{x}{y} = 3$

6. $x^2y^3 - 2xy + y^4 = 0$

7. $2xy = x^2$